**ST SOLDIER INTERNATIONAL CONVENT SCHOOL**

 **HOLIDAYS ASSIGNMENT NUMBER 1**

 **SUBJECT -ENGLISH**

 **GRAD 1X**

**SECTION A (READING)**

**Q1Read the following and answer below--**

Answers to the current crisis of water may lie in the lack of reliance on our own traditions by our communities. Indians, over centuries; developed a range of techniques to harvest every possible form of water, from rainwater, stream and river water as well as flood water.They have tapped water from hill streams or springs known as kuhls carrying a discharge of 15-100 litres per seconds. In Meghalaya, a 200-year old system of tapping stream and spring water for irrigating plants by using bamboos still exists.

Credit must go to the people of the villages of Rajasthan and particularly Jodhpur, here old water system still exists and where the traditional system was maintained even after the advent of piped water. Villages which neglected their traditional system was maintained even after the advent of piped water. Villages which neglected their traditional system and relied solely on piped water sources faced scarcity under drought conditions. An Ironic contrast of water management is that between Jaisalmer and Cherrapunji which get 100 mm and 15,000 mm of rainfall respectively,Jaisalmer had enough water for itself until recent years, while Cherrapunji the wettest place on the earth, faced a drinking water shortage. Alwar district, also in Rajasthan, has been successful in harvesting water thereby bringing prosperity to its villages. In India, during the season of summer, our taps go on without water and we feel the scarcity of water. It is because we are much careless about the use of water and waste it extravagantly.

**Questions :**

a. Why is crisis of water an acute problem?

b. Name two techniques by which Indians harvest water.

c. How do people tap water in Meghalaya?

d. In which state of India old system of water still exists?

e. In which season we feel scarcity of water?

f. Which district of Rajasthan has been prospering due to harvesting of water?

g. Which is the wettest place on the earth.

**Section-B (Writing & Grammar**

Q3Write an article on` Child Labour`

Q4. Write out a story making use of the given outlines :

A house near Ganges – father goes to another village – son in charge of the house – the river inflood – water, water everywhere – mother and sister in danger – a boat near the house – the boy saves the family.

**Q5Answer the following-**

a.What kind of teachers did Margie and Tommy have?

b.Why did Margie`s mother send for the County Inspector ?

c.What did Margie`s mother say about the school and why?

d.What do you understand by word nonchalanly?